Introduction

he aim of the compilation of national accounts is to calculate the major variables of economic flows like production, consumption, capital formation, imports, exports, and income, for a certain period as well as to measure the most important economic variables of the resources stock such as wealth, asset and liability at a point in time through which the economic situation of the country can be depicted at that period. To compile national accounts statistics, almost all countries across the world draw on the United Nations System of National Accounts. That system was first developed in 1953 as an organized collection named SNA. The last revision of the system was released as the 2008 SNA, which is approved by five main international bodies, namely the UN, IMF, WB, OECD, and CEC. The first Iranian experience of compiling national accounts dates back to the early years after WWII. In the beginning, however, the practice was ad hoc and restricted to certain areas of national accounts; for example, in the years 1337, 1338 the "GDP of Iran for the years 1334 and, the "Domestic National Product of Iran for the year 1336" was estimated with the assistance of foreign experts. As a followup, then the Plan and Budget Organization estimated the national income for different economic sectors for the period of 1337-1340 in detail and published the results. The National Bank(Bank Melli Iran) also launched a preliminary estimate of national GDP for the year 1338.

In the year 1339, just when it was established, the Central Bank of Iran was entrusted with the compilation of national accounts due to the lack of an official statistical organization. In the year 1353, however, the task was officially shifted to the SCI. To provide a profile of the the activities of the Statistical Centre of Iran in the area of national accounts, we may refer to the calculation of value-added of economic sectors in the years before the Islamic Revolution, calculation of GDP by the

expenditure approach from the year 1361 on, and producing input-output tables of the national economy for the years 1352, 1365, 1370, 1380, and 1390 are among the most significant activities of the Statistical Centre of Iran in compiling national accounts.

Regular and continuous compilation of national accounts according to the latest revision of SNA has been put in the SCI working plan since the year 1373.

Accordingly, the SCI would compile national accounts till the year 1390 according to the definitions, concepts, classifications, and methodology recommended by the 1993 SNA and since the year 1390, it has compiled and released them based on the 2008 SNA at current and constant prices.

The national accounts statistics released by the SCI until the year 1390 took in elaborated information on the value-added of 72 economic activities and since the year 1390, they have included elaborated information on the value-added of 84 economic activities covering, household and government final and actual final consumption expenditures, gross fixed capital formation, imports, exports, changes in stocks, individual and collective consumptions, production account, generation of income account, goods and services account, and total supply and demand. Also, the SCI started the compilation of the regional accounts in the year 1376 and compiled and released GDPs of Ostans and detailed information on the value-added of 72 economic activities till the year 1390 and since the year 1390, it has compiled and released GDPs of Ostans and detailed information on the value-added of 84 economic activities.

In addition to a selection of data from the above areas, this chapter presents the balance of payments table provided by the Central Bank of the I.R. of Iran.

It is necessary to mention that due to changes in the establishment frame of the statistical survey on manufacturing establishments with 10 or more workers and revision of its time series and as a result of the revision of activities related to manufacturing, the national accounts information has been revised from the year 1390 to the year 1394. Moreover, the release of the information of the national accounts for the year 1396 has been delayed due to the fact that the designs for the Survey on Manufacturing Establishments and some fields of activities are under preparation by the SCI.

Definitions and concepts

Economic production: is an activity carried out under the control and responsibility of an institutional unit to produce outputs of goods or services.

Economic production in view of national accounts (the production boundary in the SNA): The production boundary in the national accounts system is more restricted than the general production boundary. For reasons, activities undertaken by households that produce services for their own use are excluded from the concept of production in the SNA

Institutional units: An economic entity that is capable, in its own right, of owning. assets, incurring liabilities and engaging in economic activities and in transactions with other entities, and is capable of compiling a complete set of accounts, including a balance sheet of assets and liabilities of its own. Institutional units are classified into the following five groups::

- 1. Financial corporations
- 2. Non-financial corporations
- 3. Government
- 4. Non-profit institutions serving households (NPISHs)
- 5. Households

Goods: Goods are physical objects for which a demand exists, over which ownership rights can be established and whose ownership can be transferred from one institutional unit to another by engaging in transactions on markets.

Services: Services are heterogeneous outputs produced to order. They are not separate entities over which ownership rights can be established. They cannot be traded separately from their production and these two processes are simultaneous.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP): GDP is the final output of economic activities of all resident producing units in a country during a certain time period. There are three ways for computing GDP; the output approach, the income approach, and the expenditure approach.

Current price: If the components of the national accounts are expressed at the price of the current reported period, the national accounts are shown at current price.

Constant price: If the components of the national accounts are expressed at prices of reference or basis period, they are shown at a constant price.

National income: National income is the sum of incomes allocated to institutional sectors.

Value added: Value-added is the additional value created by a process of production. Gross value added is defined as the value of output less the value of intermediate consumption. Net value added is defined as the value of output less the values of both intermediate consumption and consumption of fixed capital.

Output: Output consists of those goods or services that are produced within an establishment that become available for use outside the establishment. The part of work-in-progress goods and services completed at the end of an accounting period is calculated in the output of the establishment. Goods and services produced in a certain accounting period and consumed in other production processes of the establishment within the same period are not accounted for as part of the establishment's output. There are three types of output: market output, the output produced for own final use, and own-account capital formation and other non-market outputs.

Intermediate consumption: Intermediate consumption consists of the value of the goods and services consumed as inputs by a process of production, excluding fixed assets.

Consumption of fixed capital: is the reduction, during the accounting period, in the current value of the stocks of fixed assets owned and used by a producer as a result of physical deterioration, normal obsolescence, or normal accidental damage. Consumption of fixed capital is a cost of production and is not an intermediate consumption. It excludes the value of fixed assets destroyed by acts of war or exceptional events such as major natural disasters which occur very infrequently.

Resident institutional unit: An institutional unit is resident in a country when it has a centre of economic interests in the economic territory of that country.

Economic territory of a country: The economic territory of a country consists of the geographic territory administered by a government within which persons, goods, and capital circulate freely; it includes:

- (a) the airspace, territorial waters, and continental shelf lying in international waters over which the country enjoys exclusive rights or over which it has, or claims to have, jurisdiction in respect of the right to fish or to exploit fuels or minerals below the sea bed;
- (b) territorial enclaves in the rest of the world used by the government which owns or rents them for diplomatic, military, scientific or other purposes- embassies, consulates, military bases, scientific stations, information or immigration offices, aid agencies, etc.,- with the formal political agreement of the government of the country in which they are physically located;
- (c) any free zones, or bonded warehouses or factories operated by offshore enterprises under customs control.

Centre of economic interest: An institutional unit is said to have a centre of economic interest within a country when there exists some locations- of dwelling, places of production, or other premises-within the economic territory of the country on, or from, which it engages, and intends to continue to engage in economic activities and transactions on a

significant scale, either indefinitely or over a finite but long period of time.

Net factor income from abroad: Net income from abroad is the difference between incomes receivable from non-resident labour and capitals and incomes payable to non-resident labor and capitals.

Total supply: Total supply is the aggregate of total output, import of goods and services, and net taxes on imports.

Taxes: Taxes are compulsory and unrequited payment, in cash or in kind, made by institutional units to government units. They are described as unrequited because the government provides nothing in return to the individual unit making the payment, although governments may use the funds raised in taxes to provide goods or services to other units, either individually or collectively, or to the community as a whole. There are two overall kinds of taxes:

- Taxes on production and imports
- Taxes on income, wealth, etc.

Taxes on production and imports: They consist of taxes payable on goods and services when they are produced, sold, or consumed for other purposes or enter the economic territory by crossing the frontier. They correspond to "indirect taxes" as traditionally understood which would be employed in the former national accounts system.

Taxes on production and imports are devided into two detailed group:

- a) taxes on products
- b) taxes on income, wealth, etc

Taxes on products: A tax on a product is a tax that is payable per unit of some good or service. The tax may be a specific amount of money per unit of quantity of a goods or service or it may be calculated ad valorem as a specified percentage of the price per unit or value of the goods or services transacted. There are three kinds of tax on products:

- Value added type taxes (VAT)

A value added type tax (VAT) is a tax on goods and services collected in stages by enterprises but

that is ultimately charged in full to the final purchasers.

- Taxes and duties on imports:

Taxes on imports consist of taxes on goods and services that become payable at the moment when those goods cross the national or customs frontiers of the economic territory or when those services are delivered by non-resident producers to resident institutional units.

- *Export taxes:* Export taxes consist of taxes on goods or services that become payable when the goods leave the economic territory. This kind of tax includes taxes on the services that are delivered to non-residents.

Generally, taxes on products, import and export taxes consist of taxes on goods and services that become payable as a result of the production, sale, transfer, leasing or delivery of those goods or services.

Other taxes on production: These consist of all taxes, except taxes on products that enterprises incur as a result of engaging in production. Such taxes do not include any taxes on the profits or other income received by the enterprise and are payable irrespective of the profitability of the production.

They may be payable on the land, fixed assets or labour employed in the production process or on certain activities or transactions.

Taxes on income, wealth, etc.: Taxes on income, wealth, etc. correspond to "direct taxes" as traditionally understood and used in the former SNA. They consist of taxes on incomes of individuals, taxes on incomes of corporations, taxes on wealth, etc.

Subsidies: Subsidies are current unrequited payments that government units, make to enterprises on the basis of the levels of their production activities or the quantities or values of the goods or services which they produce, sell or import. They are receivable by resident producers or importers.

Similar to taxes, there are two kinds of subsidies;

- subsidies on products,
- other subsidies on production

Subsidy on a product: A subsidy on a product is a subsidy payable per unit of a good or service. The

subsidy may be either a specific amount of money per unit of quantity of a good or service.

Other subsidies on production: These consist of subsidies, except subsidies on products, which resident enterprises may receive as a consequence of engaging in production.

Aggregate demand: aggregate demand could be defined as sum of final demand and intermediate demand.

Final demand: Final demand may be described as the aggregate of household final consumption expenditure, final consumption expenditure of non-profit institutions serving households, general government final consumption, gross fixed capital formation, changes in inventories, and exports.

Households final consumption expenditure: Household final consumption expenditure consists of expenditure incurred by resident households on consumption goods or services within or outside the economic territory.

Non-profit institutions serving households (NPISHs): Non-profit institutions serving households (NPISHs) consist of NPIs which provide goods or services to households free or at prices that are not economically significant.

Final consumption expenditure of non-profit institutions serving households: Similar to government final consumption expenditure, it relates to the value of their output less their receipts from the sale of goods and services. Output of the institutions, equaling the value of services rendered by them, is the sum of items constituting their production expenditure.

Government units: According to the SNA the government units may be described as unique kinds of legal entities established by political processes which have legislative, judicial or executive authority over other institutional units within a given area. Viewed as institutional units, the principal functions of government are to assume responsibility for the provision of goods and services to the community or to individual households and to finance their provision out of taxation or other incomes; to redistribute income and wealth by means of transfers; and to engage in non-market production. In this case, the government is a producer that itself uses its

majority of products. It should be noted that responsibility for the provision of goods and services to the community does not oblige the government affiliated units to produce such goods and services. The extent to which government units decide to engage in production themselves rather than purchase the goods or services from market producers is largely a matter of political choice.

Final consumption of government: Final consumption of government, which involves a wide range of goods and services, may be divided into two groups:

- (a) Production expenditure of non-market output: It is production expenditure of goods and services produced by government and supplied to households free, or at prices that are not economically significant.
- (b) Production expenditure of goods and services produced by market producers: The government may purchase goods or services to supply them to households free. In this concern, the government involvement is restricted to pay for goods and services and distribute them between households as non-cash transfers. So, the government units do not engage in any further processing of such goods and services and their expenditure is treated as final consumption.

Actual individual consumption: Actual individual consumption is the sum of final individual consumption and government expenditure on individual consumption.

Actual collective consumption: Actual collective consumption is government final consumption less government expenditure on individual consumption.

Individual goods and services: Individual goods and services have the following characteristics:

- (a) It must be possible to observe and record the acquisition of goods or service by an individual household or member thereof and also the time at which it took place;
- (b) The household must have agreed to the provision of the goods or service and take whatever action is necessary to make it possible- for example, by attending a school or hospital;

(c) The good or service must be such that its acquisition by one household or person, or possibly by a small, restricted group of persons, precludes its acquisition by other households or persons.

Collective services: Most goods can be privately. owned and are individual in the sense used here. On the other hand, certain kinds of services can be provided collectively to the community as a whole. The characteristics of these collective services may be summarized as follows:

- (a) Collective services can be delivered simultaneously to every member of the community or of a particular section of the community, such as those in a particular region;
- (b) The use of such services is usually passive and does not require the explicit agreement or active participation of all the individuals concerned:
- (c) The provision of a collective service to one household does not reduce the amount available to others in the same community. There is no rivalry in their acquisition.

The collective services provided by government consist mostly of the provision of security and defence, the maintenance of law and order, legislation and regulation, the maintenance of public health, the protection of the environment, research and development, etc.

Functional classifications: In the SNA, it is recommended that detailed tables of household and government final consumption expenditures be presented in "functional" classifications in addition to the ISIC classification. Functional classifications are proposed in the System for classifying certain transactions of producers and of three institutional sectors- namely households, general government and non-profit institutions serving households as well as the producers.

They are described as "functional" classifications because they identify the "functions"- in the sense of "purposes" or "objectives"- for which these groups of transactors engage in certain transactions. In this chapter of the Yearbook, the following two classifications have been used:

- Classification of individual consumption by purpose (COICOP), for classification of household final consumption expenditures and household actual final consumption expenditures.
- Classification of the functions of government (COFOG), for classification of government final consumption expenditures and government actual final consumption expenditures.

Gross fixed capital formation: Gross fixed capital formation is measured by the total value of a producer's acquisitions, less disposals, of fixed assets during the accounting period plus certain additions to the value of non-produced assets realized by the productive activity of institutional units. Fixed assets are tangible or intangible assets produced as outputs from processes of production that are themselves used repeatedly or continuously in other processes of production for more than one year.

Inventories: Inventories consist of stocks of output that are still held by the units that produced them prior to their being further processed, sold, delivered to other units or used in other ways; and stocks of products acquired from other units that are intended to be used for intermediate consumption or for resale without further processing. The value of changes in inventories recorded in the capital account is equal to the value of the inventories acquired by an enterprise less the value of the inventories disposed of during the accounting period.

Imports and exports: Export of goods and services consist of sales, barter, or gifts or grants of goods and services from resident to non-residents, and imports of goods and services consist of sales, barter, or gifts or grants of goods and services to resident from non-residents.

Net exports of goods and services: Net exports of goods and services are the difference between total export and total import.

Goods and services account: Goods and services account is a major transactions account provided in the central framework of the System. This account shows the total resources (output and imports) and uses of goods and services (intermediate

consumption, final consumption, changes in inventories, gross fixed capital formation, and exports). The part of taxes on products (less subsidies), that is not included in the value of output is recorded in the total economy account resources, but is not included in any specific sector or industry account. An important feature of the goods and services account is that it is balanced globally - that is, there is a balance between all uses and all resources- but not for each kind of transaction.

Production account: The production account is designed to emphasize value added as one of main balancing items in the National System of accounts. Consequently, it does not cover all transactions linked with the production process, but only the result of production (output) and the using up of goods and services when producing this output (intermediate consumption). Intermediate consumption does not cover the progressive wear and tear of fixed capital.

Thus the production account shows only output as resources and intermediate consumption as uses; the balancing item is value added, which is measured both gross and net. And the net is measured by deducing the fixed capital consumption from the resource. At the level of the total economy, this quantity refers to GDP and NDP, which equals the value added of industries and basic prices in addition to net taxes on product (taxes less subsidies on imports) or the value added of industries at producer's price plus net taxes on imports.

Generation of income account: The generation of income account records, from the point of view of producers, distributive transactions which are directly linked to the process of production. The resources at the total economy level consist of GDP. NDP and its uses include compensation of employees, and taxes on production and imports less subsidies on production and imports. The balancing item is operating surplus. mixed income. Regional accounts: A collection of statistical data which comprehensively and purposefully make possible quantitative and structured study of a certain region's economic activities during a certain span of time-usually 1 year. Regional accounts play

the same role for a given region as national accounts play for the total country.

Theoretically, regional accounts, just like national accounts, follows the latest revision of the system of national accounts 2008 (SNA2008). However, the change of geographical level from national to regional one brings about some special issues.

Regional realm: In regional accounts, the country's total economic realm is divided into a number of regions and a supra-region.

Region: Regionalization of national economy is not possible without the provision of a specific definition for a region. The definition should be such a way that firstly, the national economy can be generated by merging all regions and secondly every region should have such a specific boundary that ultimately each section of a region should be included only once and only in a region.

Supra-region: Includes those parts of a country's economic realm which are attributable to none of the regions. It takes in:

- a) Continental shelf waters and the part of international waters on which the country has exclusive rights and which are used by resident units.
- b) The country's political realm in other parts of the world rented or owned for political, military, scientific or other purposes under political agreements. Embassies, consulates and military bases are some examples.

Balance of payments: Balance of payment is the aggregate of current account balance, capital account, and statistical discrepancies.

Balance of current account: Balance of current account is the aggregate of the balance of trade, balance of services, and transfers.

Balance of trade: Balance of trade is the difference between the value of exports and the value of imports.

Balance of services: Balance of services is the difference between receipts from services supplied and payments for services received.

Selected information

In the year 1395, gross domestic product of the country at market prices (at constant 1390 prices) was about 7553.5 thousand billion rials showing an increase of 14% compared with the previous year.

During the year 1395, the highest share of value added in GDP (at constant 1390 prices) was for "mining and quarrying sector" with 23 percent, "manufacturing" with 13 percent, "real estate and properties" with 11 percent, "wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and goods" with 9 percent, electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning services with 7 percent.

During the year 1395, private final consumption expenditure (including household final consumption expenditure and final expenditure of non-profit institutions serving households) was estimated about 7449 thousand billion rials, government final consumption expenditure, about 2136 thousand billion rials, gross fixed capital formation about 2986 thousand billion rials and net exports of goods and services about 865 thousand billion rials at current prices.

Regarding regional accounts in the year 1395, Ostans of Tehran and Khuzestan with 24% and 13% had the highest contribution and Ostans of South Khorasan and North Khorasan with less than 1%, had the lowest percentages of share of the GDP in the country at current prices, respectively.

23.1. VALUE ADDED OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES BY MAJOR ECONOMIC SECTORS

(bln rials)

					(b	oln rials)
D :			Y	ear		
Description	1390(1)	1391(1)	1392(1)	1393(1)	1394(1)	1395
(At current prices)						
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	375283	577156	919102	1060766	1164239	1326083
Mining and quarrying	1750672	1946501	2732633	2283508	1374764	1992347
Manufacturing	1043934	1373138	1815540	2024335	1914484	2329637
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	345449	406133	635116	684377	517984	725910
Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation						
activities	19829	24637	26725	33522	39852	38930
Construction	344217	378212	480108	554147	529695	628468
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and goods	736008	938339	1373965	1499007	1421129	1608938
Transport, storage and post	359893	488224	653921	838386	926198	1044971
Accommodation and food service activities	64000	89094	128071	153868	179124	195562
Information and communication	107800	126945	181606	220393	240951	296166
Financial and insurance services	176057	209501	291516	253275	272747	295539
Real estate activities	706190	948624	1253727	1389981	1613491	1873260
Professional, scientific and technical service activities	56511	64266	87939	107879	133780	148621
Administration and support service activities	21708	27257	37920	48050	57791	67563
Public administration and urban services	304577	337526	449050	556193	640141	779265
Education	227782	250836	272883	348882	415767	497508
Human health and social work activities	205802	287913	395643	524116	653478	721793
Other community, social, personal and household service						
activities	55519	73307	94693	110130	122277	136490
Total	6901229	8547608	11830157	12690815	12217893	14707053
Net taxes on imports	28675	42340	12859	-9023	49526	147692
Taxes on imports	75778	79723	81230	90734	113323	184729
Subsidies on imports	-47103	-37383	-68371	-99757	-63797	-37037
Gross domestic product (at market prices)	6929905	8589948	11843016	12681792	12267419	14854745
Net income from abroad	490	51602	67833	34365	28863	40303
Gross national product = Gross national income	6930395	8641550	11910849	12716157	12296282	14895048
Less: consumption of fixed capital	814187	1166432	1418107	1552067	1637190	1714984
National income	6116208	7475117	10492742	11164090	10659092	13180064

23.1. VALUE ADDED OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES BY MAJOR ECONOMIC SECTORS (continued) (bln rials)

(continued)	(bln rials)							
			Ye	ar				
Description	1390(1)	1391(1)	1392(1)	1393(1)	1394(1)	1395		
(At constant 1390 prices)								
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	375283	384840	403135	421379	443866	464086		
Mining and quarrying	1750672	1293725	1257743	1261892	1284354	1714406		
Manufacturing	1043934	945101	880697	926740	883513	974719		
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	345449	310558	333563	380145	410220	550597		
Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	19829	19320	18948	18918	19686	19632		
Construction	344217	274897	264687	273957	252848	295744		
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and goods	736008	737514	775092	736072	632016	664914		
Transport, storage and post	359893	339296	341498	357991	364625	381316		
Accommodation and food service activities	64000	67293	69546	68746	66188	65841		
Information and communication	107800	116112	151066	162187	168858	192048		
Financial and insurance services	176057	179251	221901	220280	262899	312829		
Real estate activities	706190	739246	774935	794777	807943	830537		
Professional, scientific and technical service activities	56511	54611	59771	60800	60499	60251		
Administration and support service activities	21708	20701	22332	22486	21709	20728		
Public administration and urban services	304577	300079	330131	343485	340638	357778		
Education	227782	230116	240777	251623	241155	242868		
Human health and social work activities	205802	248673	267311	281373	278963	277123		
Other community, social, personal and household service activities	55519	60453	61086	60113	57966	57515		
Total	6901229	6321783	6474220	6642964	6597946	7482931		
Net taxes on imports	28675	32893	7800	-4745	25063	70531		
Taxes on imports	75778	61935	49272	47712	57349	88218		
Subsidies on imports	-47103	-29042	-41472	-52457	-32286	-17687		
Gross domestic product (at market prices)	6929905	6354675	6482020	6638219	6623010	7553462		
From changes in the terms of trade	0	-2270	-3453	-3147	-2390	-3326		
Net income from abroad	490	16072	17426	7161	5292	6657		
Gross national product = Gross national income	6930395	6368477	6495993	6642233	6625911	7556794		
Less: consumption of fixed capital	814187	856942	870988	882193	906445	915916		
National income	6116208	5511535	5625006	5760040	5719465	6640877		

1.Revised figures.

23.2. CONTRIBUTION OF VALUE ADDED OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES TO GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT BY MAJOR ECONOMIC SECTORS

(percent)

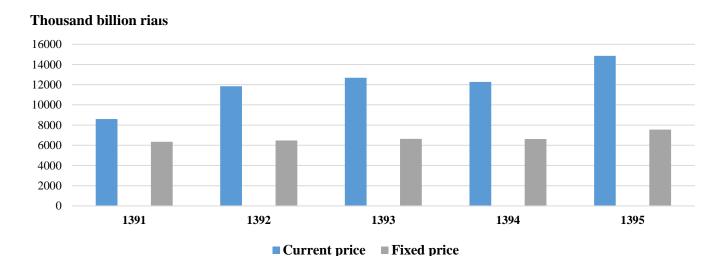
DOMESTIC I RODUCT BT	MIGORE		(per cent)			
Description			Ye	ui		
Description	1390(1)	1391(1)	1392(1)	1393(1)	1394(1)	1395
(At current prices)						
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and						
fishing	5.42	6.72	7.76	8.36	9.49	8.93
Mining and quarrying	25.26	22.66	23.07	18.01	11.21	13.41
Manufacturing	15.06	15.99	15.33	15.96	15.61	15.68
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	4.98	4.73	5.36	5.40	4.22	4.89
Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	0.29	0.29	0.23	0.26	0.32	0.26
Construction	4.97	4.4	4.05	4.37	4.32	4.23
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and goods	10.62	10.92	11.6	11.82	11.58	10.83
Transport, storage and post	5.19	5.68	5.52	6.61	7.55	7.03
Accommodation and food service						
activities	0.92	1.04	1.08	1.21	1.46	1.32
Information and communication	1.56	1.48	1.53	1.74	1.96	1.99
Financial and insurance services	2.54	2.44	2.46	2.00	2.22	1.99
Real estate activities	10.19	11.04	10.59	10.96	13.15	12.61
Professional, scientific and technical service activities	0.82	0.75	0.74	0.85	1.09	1.00
Administration and support service activities	0.31	0.32	0.32	0.38	0.47	0.45
Public administration and urban						
services	4.4	3.93	3.79	4.39	5.22	5.25
Education	3.29	2.92	2.30	2.75	3.39	3.35
Human health and social work activities	2.97	3.35	3.34	4.13	5.33	4.86
Other community, social, personal and household service activities	0.80	0.85	0.80	0.87	1.00	0.92
Total	99.59	99.51	99.89	100.07	99.6	99.01
Net taxes on imports	0.41	0.49	0.11	-0.07	0.40	0.99
Taxes on imports	1.09	0.93	0.69	0.72	0.92	1.24
Subsidies on imports	-0.68	-0.44	-0.58	-0.79	-0.52	-0.25
Gross domestic product (at market						
prices)	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

23.2. CONTRIBUTION OF VALUE ADDED OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES TO GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT BY MAJOR ECONOMIC SECTORS (continued) (percent)

DOWESTIC I RODUCT BT			Yea	•	,	(percent)
Description	1390(1)	1391(1)	1392(1)	1393 ⁽¹⁾	1394(1)	1395
(At constant 1390 prices)		•	•			
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	5.42	6.06	6.22	6.35	6.70	6.14
Mining and quarrying	25.26	20.36	19.40	19.01	19.39	22.7
Manufacturing	15.06	14.87	13.59	13.96	13.34	12.9
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	4.98	4.89	5.15	5.73	6.19	7.29
Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	0.29	0.30	0.29	0.28	0.30	0.26
Construction	4.97	4.33	4.08	4.13	3.82	3.92
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and goods	10.62	11.61	11.96	11.09	9.54	8.8
Transport, storage and post	5.19	5.34	5.27	5.39	5.51	5.05
Accommodation and food service						
activities	0.92	1.06	1.07	1.04	1.00	0.87
Information and communication	1.56	1.83	2.33	2.44	2.55	2.54
Financial and insurance services	2.54	2.82	3.42	3.32	3.97	4.14
Real estate activities	10.19	11.63	11.96	11.97	12.20	11.00
Professional, scientific and technical service activities	0.82	0.86	0.92	0.92	0.91	0.8
Administration and support service activities	0.31	0.33	0.34	0.34	0.33	0.27
Public administration and urban services	4.4	4.72	5.09	5.17	5.14	4.74
Education	3.29	3.62	3.71	3.79	3.64	3.22
Human health and social work	3.29	3.02	5.71	3.17	3.04	3.22
activities	2.97	3.91	4.12	4.24	4.21	3.67
Other community, social, personal and household service activities	0.8	0.95	0.94	0.91	0.88	0.76
Total	99.59	<i>99.48</i>	99.88	100.07	99.62	99.07
Net taxes on imports	0.41	0.52	0.12	-0.07	0.38	0.93
Taxes on imports	1.09	0.97	0.76	0.72	0.87	1.17
Subsidies on imports	-0.68	-0.46	-0.64	-0.79	-0.49	-0.23
Gross domestic product (at market prices)	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

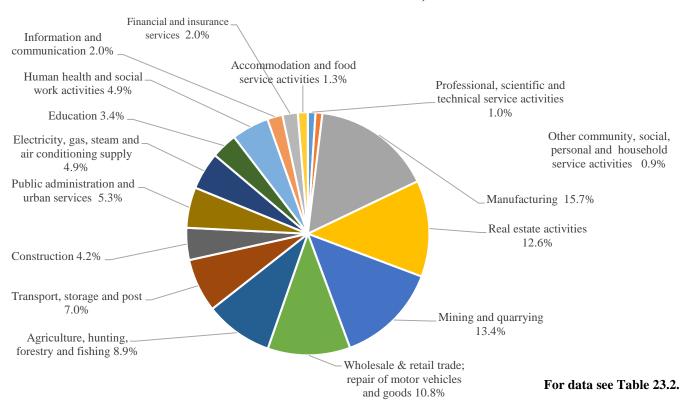
1.Revised figures.

23.1. GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT MARKET PRICES



For data see Table 23.1.

23.2. SHARE OF VALUE ADDED OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES INGROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCTS BY CURRENT PRICES, THE YEAR 1395



23.3. VALUE-ADDED GROWTH $^{(1)}$ OF ECONOMIC SECTORS AT CONSTANT PRICES OF THE YEAR 1390 (percent)

THE TEAR 1390			Year		(percent)
Description	1391(2)	1392(2)	1393(2)	1394(2)	1395
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	2.55	4.75	4.53	5.34	4.56
Mining and quarrying	-26.1	-2.78	0.33	1.78	33.48
Manufacturing	-9.47	-6.81	5.23	-4.66	10.32
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning					
supply	-10.1	7.41	13.97	7.91	34.22
Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	-2.56	-1.93	-0.16	4.06	-0.27
Construction	-20.14	-3.71	3.50	-7.71	16.97
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor					
vehicles and goods	0.20	5.10	-5.03	-14.14	5.21
Transport, storage and post	-5.72	0.65	4.83	1.85	4.58
Accommodation and food service activities	5.15	3.35	-1.15	-3.72	-0.52
Information and communication	7.71	30.10	7.36	4.11	13.73
Financial and insurance services	1.81	23.79	-0.73	19.35	18.99
Real estate activities	4.68	4.83	2.56	1.66	2.8
Professional, scientific and technical service					
activities	-3.36	9.45	1.72	-0.49	-0.41
Administration and support service activities	-4.64	7.88	0.69	-3.45	-4.52
Public administration and urban services	-1.48	10.01	4.05	-0.83	5.03
Education	1.02	4.63	4.50	-4.16	0.71
Human health and social work activities	20.83	7.5	5.26	-0.86	-0.66
Other community, social, personal and household service activities	8.89	1.05	-1.59	-3.57	-0.78
Total	-8.4	2.41	2.61	-0.68	13.41
Gross domestic product (at market prices)	-8.3	2.00	2.41	-0.23	14.05
Gross national product (Gross national					
income)	-8.11	2.00	2.25	-0.25	14.05
National income	-9.89	2.06	2.40	-0.7	16.11

^{1.} The growth rate is for the previous year

^{2.} Revised figures.

23.4. VALUE ADDED OF ECONOMIC SECTORS BY OSTAN, THE YEAR 1395 (bln rials) Total East West Ardebil Esfahan Description Alborz Bushehr Tehran Ilam country Azarbayejan Azarbayejan Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing..... Mining and quarrying..... 72074 200117 Manufacturing..... 5794 155635 Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply..... 13037 351877 Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities Construction..... Wholesale & retail trade: repair of motor vehicles and goods..... Transport, storage and post Accommodation and food service activities..... Information and communication..... Financial and insurance services..... Real estate activities..... Professional, scientific and technical service activities..... Administration and support service activities..... Public administration and urban services..... Education Human health and social work activities..... Other community, social, personal and household service activities..... Total..... 315296 145667 845606 421787 146143 838803 3476842 Net taxes on imports Gross domestic product (at market prices)..... 318607 146892 858812 426339 146932 843977 3510176 Gross domestic product, excluding oil (at market prices)..... 318534 146840 826916 425731 75055 643035 3455006

23.4. VALUE ADDED OF ECONOMIC SECTORS BY OSTAN, THE YEAR 1395 (continued)

							((bln rials)
Description	Chaharmahal & Bakhtiyari	South Khorasan	Khorasan- e - Razavi	North Khorasan	Khuzestan	Zanjan	Semnan	Sistan& Baluchest an
Agriculture, hunting, forestry								
and fishing	22572	16170	88979	15285	80842	25842	18921	43294
Mining and quarrying	212	4790	3953	557	1191291	3044	1506	309
Manufacturing	10405	8076	88444	9666	176915	43721	50219	25405
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	1264	900	22799	3105	24458	3060	2412	2651
Water supply, sewerage, waste management and	200	4.40	2020	212	4100	10.6	40.4	751
remediation activities	308	442		313		496	404	
Construction	5714	5327	31771	7468	27815	7977	6151	7505
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and								
goods	13357	6275		6492		13196	17704	
Transport, storage and post.	7010	4645	65915	6517	76231	10054	10000	11936
Accommodation and food service activities	347	297	23152	370	5660	2905	734	1111
Information and communication	790	1946	2683	642	3042	970	1048	2101
Financial and insurance								
services	1054	809		832		1351	1214	
Real estate activities	8967	6036	141971	8367	66780	11096	9742	17258
Professional, scientific and technical service activities	1274	428	13475	1076	3573	1491	832	870
Administration and support service activities	914	359	4283	494	3983	1093	396	448
Public administration and urban services	5042	6808	49853	6618	50168	8258	8338	17867
Education	5603	6071	38789	4774		7239	6046	
Human health and social work activities	9276	5919		5342		9542	6669	
Other community, social, personal and household								
service activities	829	779		979		1436	1155	
Total	94939	76079		78896		152769	143492	
Net taxes on imports	1355	823	7710	902	12191	1846	1838	1613
Gross domestic product (at market prices)	96293	76902	771737	79798	1867545	154615	145330	205610
Gross domestic product, excluding oil (at market								
prices)	96173	76892	769736	79784	660132	154118	142519	205609

23.4. VALUE ADDED OF ECONOMIC SECTORS BY OSTAN, THE YEAR 1395 (continued) (bln rials)

							(D	in rials)
Description	Fars	Qazvin	Qom	Kordestan	Kerman	Kermanshah	Kohgiluyeh and Boyerahmad	Golestan
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and								
fishing	104016	34905	11766	27479	93315	33649	13705	47845
Mining and quarrying	24702	242	336	2189	49195	2230	199792	493
Manufacturing	71474	101504	30967	10029	81324	20918	11856	16025
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	92620	5572	2289	2637	7305	5306	737	2546
Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation								
activities	2752	611	674	481	1946	661	311	679
Construction	48814	9855	10084	8609	15668	6365	5132	13105
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of								
motor vehicles and goods	69972	19107	17932	25454	34097	33000	9920	22166
Transport, storage and post	52152	12711	10150	7684	26895	15808	3443	15045
Accommodation and food service								
activities	3651	2041	958	1326	6697	1349	727	2021
Information and communication	2908	4766	1290	1367	1862	1438	826	1694
Financial and insurance services	6969	1761	1844	1169	3983	2056	709	1943
Real estate activities	108611	23175	32416	21025	31752	32545	10989	22188
Professional, scientific and								
technical service activities	4480	2197	1681	1272	2720	1984	522	2896
Administration and support service								
activities	3150	838	1128	605	1781	811	517	763
Public administration and urban								
services	39221	9161	9968	13300	22370	27806	5734	13632
Education	29892	7216	8180	11172	22571	11803	6385	9923
Human health and social work								
activities	46704	11495	6555	10854	25958	18434	6355	17898
Other community, social, personal and household service activities	4681	1461	3683	1803	3274	2213	1201	1865
Total	716768	248620	151903	148455	432713	218376	278862	192726
Net taxes on imports	6522	3920	1940	1239	4738	2083	631	2258
Gross domestic product (at market								
prices)	723290	252539	153843	149695	437451	220459	279493	194984
Gross domestic product, excluding oil (at market prices)	693860	251941	153333	149613	437032	215767	80238	194813

23.4. VALUE ADDED OF ECONOMIC SECTORS BY OSTAN, THE YEAR 1395(continued)

(bln rials) Supra-Description Gilan | Lorestan | Mazandaran | Markazi | Hormozgan | Hamedan Yazd region Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying..... Manufacturing..... Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply..... Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities Construction..... Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and goods..... Transport, storage and post Accommodation and food service activities Information and communication.... Financial and insurance services.... Real estate activities..... Professional, scientific and technical service activities..... Administration and support service activities Public administration and urban services..... Education Human health and social work activities Other community, social, personal and household service activities..... *Total.....* Net taxes on imports Gross domestic product (at market prices)..... Gross domestic product, excluding oil (at market prices)

23.5. OSTANS' CONTRIBUTION TO GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT CURRENT PRICE (bln rials - percent)

			Ye	ar	(6111	riais - percent)
		1390(1))		1391(1)	
Description	Value added	GDP at market prices	Ostan's contribution to GDP	Value added	GDP at market prices	Ostan's contribution to GDP
Total country	6901229	6929905	100 .00	8547608	8589948	100 .00
East Azarbayejan	208510	209994	3 .03	268773	271120	3 .16
West Azarbayejan	131471	132023	1 .91	155437	156282	1 .82
Ardebil	58258	58475	0 .84	75871	76232	0 .89
Esfahan	353192	356151	5 .14	443248	447722	5 .21
Alborz	166539	167269	2 .41	216677	217697	2 .53
Ilam	93013	93152	1 .34	78977	79147	0 .92
Bushehr	300980	301896	4 .36	370470	372092	4 .33
Tehran	1428151	1434607	20 .70	1845851	1855046	21 .60
Chaharmahal &						
Bakhtiyari	40816	41020	0 .59	52004	52333	0 .61
South Khorasan	28169	28306	0 .41	36331	36535	0 .43
Khorasan - e - Razavi	324623	325961	4 .70	395385	397134	4 .62
North Khorasan	33053	33208	0 .48	42310	42539	0 .50
Khuzestan	1406374	1409398	20 .34	1676476	1680448	19 .56
Zanjan	55724	56007	0 .81	71913	72348	0 .84
Semnan	58453	58801	0 .85	69934	70425	0 .82
Sistan & Baluchestan	78360	78651	1 .13	100812	101215	1 .18
Fars	323921	325061	4 .69	394478	396173	4 .61
Qazvin	92927	93616	1 .35	119694	120696	1 .41
Qom	58623	58971	0 .85	74142	74681	0 .87
Kordestan	59334	59561	0 .86	71993	72313	0 .84
Kerman	162972	163685	2 .36	253985	255436	2 .97
Kermanshah	106896	107344	1 .55	121544	122080	1 .42
Kohgiluyeh & Boyerahmad	183008	183122	2 .64	196625	196774	2 .29
Golestan	67859	68224	0 .98	86193	86764	1 .01
Gilan	124377	124995	1 .80	157373	158215	1 .84
Lorestan	72492	72785	1 .05	92090	92526	1 .08
Mazandaran	191879	192766	2 .78	245862	247385	2 .88
Markazi	114374	115720	1 .67	150280	152191	1 .77
Hormozgan	129563	130980	1 .89	168490	170681	1 .99
Hamedan	81621	81938	1 .18	100440	100913	1 .17
Yazd	108494	108967	1 .57	149353	150146	1 .75
Supra-region	257202	257252	3 .71	264601	264656	3 .08

23.5. OSTANS' CONTRIBUTION TO GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT CURRENT PRICE (continued) (bln rials– percent)

(continueu)	Year									
		1392(1)			1393(1)					
Description	Value added	GDP at market prices	Ostan's contribution to GDP	Value added	GDP at market prices	Ostan's contribution to GDP				
Total country	11830157	11843016	100 .00	12690815	12681792	100 .00				
East Azarbayejan	358934	359633	3 .04	408877	408401	3 .24				
West Azarbayejan	223112	223360	1 .89	252859	252685	1 .99				
Ardebil	108909	109015	0 .92	126967	126893	1 .00				
Esfahan	625850	627269	5 .30	699381	698448	5 .50				
Alborz	294678	294982	2 .49	346741	346511	2 .72				
Ilam	128089	128136	1 .08	121383	121343	0 .96				
Bushehr	683199	683682	5 .77	826897	826550	6 .50				
Tehran	2472796	2475391	20 .90	2808843	2806897	22 .16				
Chaharmahal & Rakhtivari	66127		0.56	75820		0 .60				
South Khorasan	48284	48342	0 .41	58963	58917	0 .47				
Khorasan - e - Razavi	548355	548886	4 .63	639488	639101	5 .05				
North Khorasan	59371	59444	0.50	73299	73242	0 .58				
Khuzestan	2041177	2042469	17 .25	1872425	1871572	14 .78				
Zanjan	97153	97293	0 .82	108140	108041	0 .86				
Semnan	92645	92767	0 .78	103299	103212	0.80				
Sistan & Baluchestan	132278	132386	1 .12	160198	160113	1 .26				
Fars	536533	537047	4 .53	601557	601186	4 .73				
Qazvin	166452	166742	1 .41	192980	192751	1 .53				
Qom	102909	103062	0 .87	115819	115714	0 .91				
Kordestan	99185	99282	0 .84	115271	115205	0 .90				
Kerman	332599	333002	2 .81	363135	362849	2 .86				
Kermanshah	161896	162063	1 .37	193510	193394	1 .53				
Kohgiluyeh & Boyerahmad	283185	283230	2 .39	305817	305783	2 .41				
Golestan	120349	120519	1 .02	147424	147299	1 .16				
Gilan	223911	224160	1 .89	285945	285753	2 .25				
Lorestan	126768	126892	1 .07	138266	138176	1 .09				
Mazandaran	339577	339985	2 .87	390403	390102	3 .07				
Markazi	211892	212543	1 .79	245342	244905	1 .92				
Hormozgan	243839	244731	2 .07	239970	239495	1 .88				
Hamedan	140094	140226	1 .18	165554	165453	1 .31				
Yazd	197426	197658	1 .67	231523	231352	1 .82				
Supra-region	562586	562601	4 .75	274723	274711	2 .17				

23.5. OSTANS' CONTRIBUTION TO GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT CURRENT PRICE (continued) (bln rials- percent)

(continued)			Ye	ear	(DIII II	ais- per cent)
Description		1394 ⁽¹⁾			1395	
Description	Value added	GDP at market prices	Ostan's contribution to GDP	Value added	GDP at market prices	Ostan's contribution to GDP
Total country	12217893	12267419	100 .00	14707053	14854745	100 .00
East Azarbayejan	431679	434200	3 .54	511149	518971	3 .49
West Azarbayejan	273294	274403	2 .24	315296	318607	2 .14
Ardebil	131580	132004	1 .08	145667	146892	0 .99
Esfahan	713189	717733	5 .85	845606	858812	5 .78
Alborz	385440	387072	3 .16	421787	426339	2 .87
Ilam	96940	97182	0 .79	146143	146932	0 .99
Bushehr	597065	598856	4 .88	838803	843977	5 .68
Tehran	2991735	3002843	24 .48	3476842	3510176	23 .63
Chaharmahal & Bakhtiyari	85339	85799	0 .70	94939	96293	0 .65
South Khorasan	66204	66470	0 .54	76079	76902	0 .52
Khorasan - e - Razavi	686768	689371	5 .62	764027	771737	5 .20
North Khorasan	68385	68672	0 .56	78896	79798	0 .54
Khuzestan	1349487	1353562	11 .03	1855354	1867545	12 .57
Zanjan	127448	128054	1 .04	152769	154615	1 .04
Semnan	111721	112255	0 .92	143492	145330	0 .98
Sistan & Baluchestan	171824	172370	1 .41	203996	205610	1 .38
Fars	592029	594158	4 .84	716768	723290	4 .87
Qazvin	220740	222036	1 .81	248620	252539	1 .70
Qom	129934	130528	1 .06	151903	153843	1 .04
Kordestan	121155	121526	0 .99	148455	149695	1 .01
Kerman	365027	366626	2 .99	432713	437451	2 .94
Kermanshah	192167	192872	1 .57	218376	220459	1 .48
Kohgiluyeh & Boyerahmad.	212632	212843	1 .74	278862	279493	1 .88
Golestan	160624	161388	1 .32	192726	194984	1 .31
Gilan	281838	282909	2 .31	342839	346297	2 .33
Lorestan	151948	152475	1 .24	176161	177760	1 .20
Mazandaran	434250	436077	3 .55	507044	512658	3 .45
Markazi	258596	260689	2 .13	287328	292793	1 .97
Hormozgan	265052	267060	2 .18	299390	304776	2 .05
Hamedan	165461	165988	1 .35	196537	198262	1 .33
Yazd	231425	232403	1 .89	263624	266796	1 .80
Supra-region	146919	146994	1 .20	174863	175111	1 .18

1.Revised figures.

23.6. GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT BY FINAL EXPENDITURE COMPONENTS (bln rials) Year Description 1391(1) 1392(1) $1390^{(1)}$ 1393(1) 1394(1) (At current prices) Private final consumption expenditures Household final consumption expenditures Final consumption expenditures of non-profit institutions serving households (NPISHs) ... Government final consumption expenditure..... Gross fixed capital formation.... Machinery Public sector Private sector Construction Public sector Private sector Cultivated assets..... Mineral exploration..... Computer software packages ... Literary and artistic originals Other Net exports of goods and services..... Exports of goods and services... Imports of goods and services... Change in stocks and statistical discrepancies Gross domestic product (at market prices) Net income from abroad Gross national product = Gross national income Less: consumption of fixed capital National income

23.6. GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT BY FINAL EXPENDITURE COMPONENTS(continued) (bln rials)

			**			(bln rials)
Description			Yea		1	
Description	1390(1)	1391 ⁽¹⁾	1392(1)	1393 ⁽¹⁾	1394(1)	1395
(At constant 1390 prices)						
Private final consumption						
expenditures	3089281	3053857	3069117	3086117	3015104	3251008
Household final consumption						
expenditures	3083991	3049234	3064812	3081993	3011111	3247877
Final consumption expenditures						
of non-profit institutions serving households (NPISHs)	5290	4623	4305	4124	3992	3131
Government final consumption	3270	4023	4303	7127	3772	3131
expenditure	1338710	1265496	1941041	1755199	1427422	1585145
Gross fixed capital formation	1604962	1201929	1164030	1314334	1159567	1360770
Machinery	701799	494487	487607	617787	529004	632334
Public sector	364791	252650	249400	315088	269928	323262
Private sector	337008	241838	238207	302699	259076	309072
Construction	825019	645665	593286	610105	546077	633318
Public sector	597669	434953	399608	450532	424021	524085
Private sector	227349	210711	193678	159573	122056	109233
Cultivated assets	19762	21785	23131	27023	26989	28008
Mineral exploration	2151	543	802	2059	5694	969
Computer software packages	4005	4148	4844	4990	5828	
						6359
Literary and artistic originals	2166	1851	1631	1744	1951	2310
Other	50060	33448	52728	50626	44025	57471
Net exports of goods and services	685758	655921	1130998	1157835	911086	1315025
Exports of goods and services	1613208	1345498	1720077	1592899	1231324	1753970
Imports of goods and services	927450	689577	589079	435064	320238	438946
Change in stocks and statistical	921430	009311	369079	433004	320236	436940
discrepancies	211194	177473	-823166	-675267	109831	41515
Gross domestic product (at	21117.	1,,.,6	020100	0,020,	10,001	.1010
market prices)	6929905	6354675	6482020	6638219	6623010	7553462
From changes in the terms of						
trade	0	-2270	-3453	-3147	-2390	-3326
Net income from abroad	490	16072	17426	7161	5292	6657
Gross national product = Gross						
national income	6930395	6370748	6499446	6645380	6628301	7560119
Less: consumption of fixed	01.410=	05.00.43	070000	000100	006447	015015
capital	814187	856942	870988	882193	906445	915916
National income	6116208	5513805	5628458	5763187	5721856	6644203

1.Revised figures.

23.7. CONTRIBUTION OF FINAL EXPENDITURE COMPONENTS TO GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (percent)

1 RODUCT			Ye	ar		(per cent)
Description	1390(1)	1391(1)	1392(1)	1393(1)	1394 ⁽¹⁾	1395
(At current prices)	<u> </u>		I	<u> </u>	I	
Private final consumption expenditures	44.58	46.18	43.92	47.11	52.83	50.15
Household final consumption expenditures.	44.5	46.12	43.86	47.04	52.75	50.09
Final consumption expenditures of non-						
profit institutions serving households						
(NPISHs)	0.08	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.06
Government final consumption expenditure	19.32	15.95	20.02	17.42	15.29	14.38
Gross fixed capital formation	23.16	19.12	18.56	21.44	20.21	20.10
Machinery	10.13	7.87	8.20	10.39	9.52	9.57
Public sector	5.26	4.02	4.19	5.30	4.86	4.89
Private sector	4.86	3.85	4.01	5.09	4.66	4.68
Construction	11.91	10.28	9.11	9.68	9.22	9.10
Public sector	8.62	6.99	6.20	7.19	7.19	7.55
Private sector	3.28	3.29	2.92	2.49	2.04	1.55
Cultivated assets	0.29	0.36	0.40	0.46	0.50	0.45
Mineral exploration	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.11	0.02
Computer software packages	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.08
Literary and artistic originals	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.04
Other	0.72	0.51	0.76	0.78	0.74	0.85
Net exports of goods and services	9.90	5.37	7.37	5.83	4.47	5.83
Exports of goods and services	23.28	18.76	22.43	21.48	17.81	20.23
Imports of goods and services	13.38	13.39	15.06	15.65	13.34	14.4
Change in stocks and statistical discrepancies	3.05	13.38	10.12	8.20	7.19	9.55
Gross domestic product (at market prices)	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

23.7. CONTRIBUTION OF FINAL EXPENDITURE COMPONENTS TO GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (continued) (percent)

1 KODUCT (continued)			Ye	ar		(per cent)
Description	1390(1)	1391(1)	1392(1)	1393 ⁽¹⁾	1394 ⁽¹⁾	1395
(At constant 1390 prices)			•	•	<u> </u>	
Private final consumption expenditures	44 .58	48 .06	47 .35	46 .49	45 .52	43 .04
Household final consumption expenditures .	44 .5	47 .98	47 .28	46 .43	45 .46	43.00
Final consumption expenditures of non-						
profit institutions serving households						
(NPISHs)	0.08	0.07	0.07	0 .06	0 .06	0 .04
Government final consumption expenditure	19 .32	19 .91	29 .95	26 .44	21 .55	20 .99
Gross fixed capital formation	23 .16	18 .91	17 .96	19 .8	17 .51	18 .02
Machinery	10 .13	7 .78	7 .52	9 .31	7 .99	8 .37
Public sector	5 .26	3 .98	3 .85	4 .75	4 .08	4 .28
Private sector	4 .86	3 .81	3 .67	4 .56	3 .91	4 .09
Construction	11 .91	10 .16	9 .15	9 .19	8 .25	8 .38
Public sector	8 .62	6 .84	6.16	6 .79	6 .4	6 .94
Private sector	3 .28	3 .32	2 .99	2 .4	1 .84	1 .45
Cultivated assets	0 .29	0 .34	0 .36	0 .41	0 .41	0 .37
Cineral exploration	0 .03	0.01	0.01	0 .03	0.09	0 .01
Computer software packages	0.06	0 .07	0 .07	80.0	0.09	0 .08
Literary and artistic originals	0 .03	0 .03	0 .03	0 .03	0.03	0 .03
Other	0 .72	0 .53	0 .81	0 .76	0 .66	0 .76
Net exports of goods and services	9 .90	10 .32	17 .45	17 .44	13 .76	17 .41
Exports of goods and services	23 .28	21 .17	26 .54	24	18 .59	23 .22
Imports of goods and services	13 .38	10 .85	9 .09	6 .55	4 .84	5 .81
Change in stocks and statistical						
discrepancies	3 .05	2 .79	-12 .70	-10 .17	1 .66	0 .55
Gross domestic product (at market prices) .	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

1.Revised figures.

23.8. PRIVATE FINAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES

(bln rials)

D			Ye	ear		
Description	1390(1)	1391(1)	1392(1)	1393(1)	1394 ⁽¹⁾	1395
(At current prices)						
Total	3089281	3967047	5201558	5974460	6481179	7449313
Household final consumption expenditure	3083991	3961275	5194513	5966119	6471419	7440356
Final consumption expenditures of non-profit						
institutions serving households	5290	5771	7045	8341	9759	8958
(At constant 1390 prices)						
Total	3089281	3053857	3069117	3086117	3015104	3251008
Household final consumption expenditure	3083991	3049234	3064812	3081993	3011111	3247877
Final consumption expenditures of non-profit						
institutions serving households	5290	4623	4305	4124	3992	3131

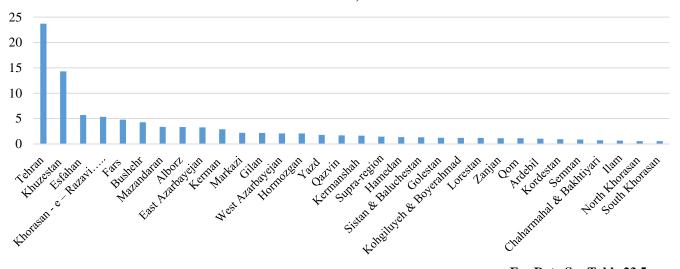
1.Revised figures.

23.9. GOVERNMENT FINAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES BY COFOG (bln rials)

25.9. GOVERNWENT FINAL CONS			Ye			(DIII Hais)
Description	1390(1)	1391(1)	1392(1)	1393(1)	1394(1)	1395
(At current prices)	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u>'</u>	<u>'</u>	
Total	1338710	1384769	2373471	2203957	1875182	2158277
General public services	267736	295162	687889	623230	326894	381216
Defence	179858	109973	136212	165009	190602	243871
Public order and safety	51610	50929	67971	75466	100845	150069
Economic affairs	221724	211301	665346	397043	229249	208252
Environmental protection	8234	9806	18134	17586	7411	10338
Housing and community amenities	11012	14193	21397	20985	7116	8641
Health	82175	91811	116255	148542	188910	183624
Recreation, culture and religion	118954	85152	121066	125736	96907	110517
Education	188575	205956	209671	246889	333370	371999
Social protection	136103	210646	191027	210370	170463	250827
Municipalities	72728	99841	138504	173101	223416	238924
(At constant 1390 prices)						
Total	1338710	1278530	1936410	1739770	1422289	1596076
General public services	267736	294463	683856	618458	323949	377411
Defence	179858	107847	129856	154569	175761	222327
Public order and safety	51610	50025	65054	71068	93604	137834
Economic affairs	221724	196709	437789	249668	150487	136626
Environmental protection	8234	8334	12679	10529	3930	4883
Housing and community amenities	11012	10876	12387	10206	3092	3465
Health	82175	72882	68578	68525	69441	57850
Recreation, culture and religion	118954	68712	76316	67161	45051	46328
Education	188575	197374	189557	211368	270521	290731
Social protection	136103	172341	124672	110620	72468	91587
Municipalities	72728	98967	135666	167599	213984	227033

1.Revised figures.

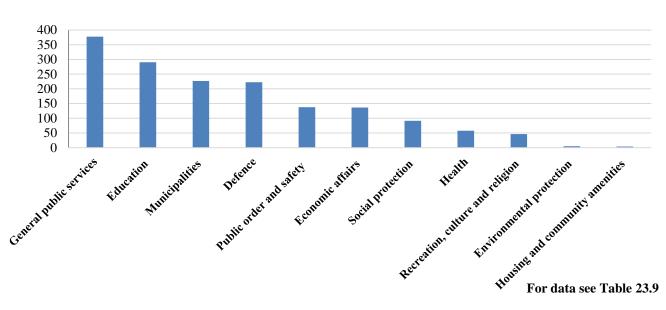
23.3 . OSTAN'S CONTRIBUTION TO DOMESTIC PRODUCTS AT CURRENT PRICES, THE YEAR 1395



For Data See Table 23.5

23.4. GOVERNMENT FINAL CONSUMPTION AT CONSTANT 1390 PRICES BY COFOG IN THE YEAR 1395





23.10. GROSS FIXED CAPITAL FORMATION IN MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT BY PUBLIC AND PRIVATE SECTORS (bln rials)

			Yea	r		_
Description	1390(1)	1391(1)	1392(1)	1393(1)	1394(1)	1395
(At current prices)						
Total	701799	676381	971009	1318035	1168017	1421219
Public sector	364791	345585	496650	672233	595989	726557
Private sector	337008	330796	474359	645802	572027	694662
(At constant 1390 prices)						
Total	701799	494487	487607	617787	529004	632334
Public sector	364791	252650	249400	315088	269928	323262
Private sector	337008	241838	238207	302699	259076	309072

1.Revised figures.

Source: Statistical Centre of Iran.

23.11. GROSS FIXED CAPITAL FORMATION IN CONSTRUCTION BY PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SECTORS (bln rials)

D	Year								
Description	1390(1)	1391(1)	1392(1)	1393 ⁽¹⁾	1394(1)	1395			
(At current prices)									
Total	825019	883185	1079489	1227129	1131544	1352168			
Public sector	597669	600154	733963	911310	881611	1121426			
Private sector	227349	283031	345526	315819	249934	230742			
(At constant 1390 prices)									
Total	825019	645665	593286	610105	546077	633318			
Public sector	597669	434953	399608	450532	424021	524085			
Private sector	227349	210711	193678	159573	122056	109233			

1.Revised figures.

23.12. EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF GOODS AND SERVICES

(bln rials)

25.12. EXPORTS AND IV			Ye			(bili riais)
Description	1390(1)	1391(1)	1392(1)	1393(1)	1394(1)	1395
(At current prices)		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Net exports	685758	460866	873377	739172	548428	865355
Exports	1613208	1611097	2656620	2723641	2184699	3005062
Goods	1518277	1457888	2401069	2424941	1836890	2675650
Oil and gas	1008074	676123	1068503	946566	586864	999273
Gas liquids	179469	162456	325563	365026	277104	461009
Other	330735	619309	1007004	1113349	972923	1215368
Services	94931	153209	255550	298701	347809	329412
Transportation charges	33508	54123	91289	121586	115565	116770
Other	61423	99086	164261	177114	232244	212642
Imports	927450	1150231	1783243	1984469	1636271	2139707
Goods	731420	902561	1379900	1521997	1165044	1626600
Services	196031	247670	403343	462472	471227	513108
Transportation charges	36535	46014	66640	97268	112064	77328
Other	159496	201656	336703	365204	359163	435780
(At constant 1390 prices)						
Net exports	685758	655921	1130998	1157835	911086	1315025
Exports	1613208	1345498	1720077	1592899	1231324	1753970
Goods	1518277	1218966	1554661	1418222	1035415	1562080
Oil and gas	1008074	571314	691950	553434	330486	583110
Gas liquids	179469	137650	210742	213460	155719	269686
Other	330735	510001	651968	651328	549210	709284
Services	94931	126532	165416	174677	195909	191891
Transportation charges	33508	44548	59090	71104	65095	68045
Other	61423	81985	106326	103573	130814	123845
Imports	927450	689577	589079	435064	320238	438946
Goods	731420	541326	455364	333601	228175	335825
Services	196031	148251	133715	101463	92063	103120
Transportation charges	36535	27537	22092	21340	21894	15544
Other	159496	120714	111623	80123	70169	87577

1.Revised figures.

23.13. AGGREGATE SUPPLY AND DEMAND

(bln rials)

			Ye	ar		
Description	1390(1)	1391(1)	1392(1)	1393(1)	1394(1)	1395
(At current prices)	<u> </u>	<u>'</u>	<u>'</u>	<u>'</u>	<u> </u>	
Total supply	12555710	15591074	22051538	23696040	22603049	26652374
Imports	927450	1150231	1783243	1984469	1636271	2139707
Goods	731420	902561	1379900	1521997	1165044	1626600
Services	196031	247670	403343	462472	471227	513108
Output	11599585	14398503	20255437	21720595	20917251	24364974
Intermediate						
consumption	4698355	5850895	8425280	9029779	8699359	9657922
Value added	6901229	8547608	11830157	12690815	12217893	14707053
Net imports tax	28675	42340	12859	-9023	49526	147692
Total demand	12555710	15591074	22051538	23696040	22603049	26652374
Final demand	7857355	9740180	13626259	14666261	13903690	16994452
Intermediate demand	4698355	5850895	8425280	9029779	8699359	9657922
(At constant 1390 prices)						
Total supply	12555710	11451842	11582532	11688554	11563637	12957380
Imports	927450	689577	589079	435064	320238	438946
Goods	731420	541326	455364	333601	228175	335825
Services	196031	148251	133715	101463	92063	103120
Output	11599585	10729373	10985653	11258235	11218336	12447903
Intermediate						
consumption	4698355	4407590	4511433	4615271	4620390	4964972
Value added	6901229	6321783	6474220	6642964	6597946	7482931
Net imports tax	28675	32893	7800	-4745	25063	70531
Total demand	12555710	11451842	11582532	11688554	11563637	12957380
Final demand	7857355	7044252	7071099	7073283	6943247	7992408
Intermediate demand	4698355	4407590	4511433	4615271	4620390	4964972

1.Revised figures. Source: Statistical Centre of Iran.

23.14. GOODS AND SERVICES ACCOUNT

(bln rials)

Description	Year									
Description	1390(1)	1391(1)	1392(1)	1393(1)	1394(1)	1395				
(At current prices)			L	L						
Resources	12555710	15591074	22051538	23696040	22603049	26652374				
Output	11599585	14398503	20255437	21720595	20917251	24364974				
Taxes on imports	75778	79723	81230	90734	113323	184729				
Subsidies on imports	-47103	-37383	-68371	-99757	-63797	-37037				
Imports of goods and services	927450	1150231	1783243	1984469	1636271	2139707				
Imports of goods	731420	902561	1379900	1521997	1165044	1626600				
Imports of services	196031	247670	403343	462472	471227	513108				
Uses	12555710	15591074	22051538	23696040	22603049	26652374				
Intermediate consumption	4698355	5850895	8425280	9029779	8699359	9657922				
Actual final consumption	4427991	5337099	7572624	8183732	8357047	9584952				
Actual individual consumption	3494641	4359684	5661751	6506688	7077109	8108796				
Actual collective consumption	933350	977415	1910873	1677044	1279939	1476155				
Gross fixed capital formation	1604962	1642563	2198375	2718512	2479515	2985823				
Acquisition less sales or disposal										
of tangible assets	1566267	1607587	2155909	2661690	2422100	2910788				
Cost of transfer of non- financial										
assets acquisition	38695	34976	42466	56823	57415	75035				
Change in stocks and statistical										
discrepancies	211194	1149420	1198641	1040375	882428	1418615				
Exports of goods and services	1613208	1611097	2656620	2723641	2184699	3005062				
Exports of goods	1518277	1457888	2401069	2424941	1836890	2675650				
Exports of services	94931	153209	255550	298701	347809	329412				

23.14. GOODS AND SERVICES ACCOUNT (continued)

(bln rials)

25.14. GOODS AND SERVIC		(************************************	Yea	ar		(DIII Flais)
Description	1390(1)	1391(1)	1392(1)	1393 ⁽¹⁾	1394(1)	1395
(At constant 1390 prices)	L			L	<u> </u>	
Resources	12555710	11451842	11582532	11688554	11563637	12957380
Output	11599585	10729373	10985653	11258235	11218336	12447903
Taxes on imports	75778	61935	49272	47712	57349	88218
Subsidies on imports	-47103	-29042	-41472	-52457	-32286	-17687
Imports of goods and services	927450	689577	589079	435064	320238	438946
Imports of goods	731420	541326	455364	333601	228175	335825
Imports of services	196031	148251	133715	101463	92063	103120
Uses	12555710	11451842	11582532	11688554	11563637	12957380
Intermediate consumption	4698355	4407590	4511433	4615271	4620390	4964972
Actual final consumption	4427991	4319353	5010158	4841316	4442526	4836153
Actual individual consumption	3494641	3416530	3445847	3508957	3468570	3740499
Actual collective consumption	933350	902823	1564311	1332359	973956	1095654
Gross fixed capital formation	1604962	1201929	1164030	1314334	1159567	1360770
Acquisition less sales or disposal						
of tangible assets	1566267	1166952	1121564	1257512	1102152	1285735
Cost of transfer of non-financial						
assets acquisition	38695	34976	42466	56823	57415	75035
Change in stocks and statistical						
discrepancies	211194	177473	-823166	-675267	109831	41515
Exports of goods and services	1613208	1345498	1720077	1592899	1231324	1753970
Exports of goods	1518277	1218966	1554661	1418222	1035415	1562080
Exports of services	94931	126532	165416	174677	195909	191891

1.Revised figures.

23.15. PRODUCTION ACCOUNT

(bln rials)

Description		Year								
Description	1390(1)	1391(1)	1392(1)	1393(1)	1394(1)	1395				
(At current prices)										
Resources	11628260	14440843	20268296	21711571	20966777	24512667				
Output	11599585	14398503	20255437	21720595	20917251	24364974				
Net taxes on imports	28675	42340	12859	-9023	49526	147692				
Uses	11628260	14440843	20268296	21711571	20966777	24512667				
Intermediat econsumption	4698355	5850895	8425280	9029779	8699359	9657922				
Balancing item										
Gross domestic product	6929905	8589948	11843016	12681792	12267419	14854745				
(At constant 1390 prices)										
Resources	11628260	10762265	10993453	11253490	11243399	12518434				
Output	11599585	10729373	10985653	11258235	11218336	12447903				
Net taxes on imports	28675	32893	7800	-4745	25063	70531				
Uses	11628260	10762265	10993453	11253490	11243399	12518434				
Intermediate consumption	4698355	4407590	4511433	4615271	4620390	4964972				
Balancing item										
Gross domestic product	6929905	6354675	6482020	6638219	6623010	7553462				
1 D: - J C		•			•					

1.Revised figures. Source: Statistical Centre of Iran.

23.16. GENERATION OF INCOME ACCOUNT

(bln rials)

Description			Yea	r		
Description	1390(1)	1391(1)	1392(1)	1393(1)	1394(1)	1395
(At current prices)					·	
Resources	6115718	7396994	10154252	10750407	10048404	12296319
Net domestic product	6115718	7396994	10154252	10750407	10048404	12296319
<i>Uses</i>	6115718	7396994	10154252	10750407	10048404	12296319
Compensation of employees	1213728	1398393	1836317	2267513	2626700	3179436
Taxes on production and imports	225837	265671	347080	406602	473679	639187
Taxes on products	147845	160175	204138	236836	274240	391316
Custom duties and trading gains	75778	79723	81230	90734	113323	184729
Other taxes on products	72067	80452	122908	146102	160917	206587
Other taxes on production	77992	105497	142942	169766	199439	247871
Subsidies on production and imports	-134334	-108679	-192918	-196064	-149542	-152983
Subsidies on products	-134334	-108679	-192918	-196064	-149542	-152983
Subsidies on imports	-47103	-37383	-68371	-99757	-63797	-37037
Other subsidies on products	-87231	-71296	-124547	-96306	-85745	-115946
Other subsidies on production	0	0	0	0	0	0
Balancing item						
Operating surplus	4810486	5841609	8163774	8272356	7097567	8630679

1.Revised figures. Source: Statistical Centre of Iran.

23.17. ACTUAL INDIVIDUAL CONSUMPTION BY COICOP

(bln rials)

23.17. ACTUAL INDIVIDUAL CONS			Ye	ar		(bili Hais)
Description	1390(1)	1391(1)	1392(1)	1393(1)	1394 ⁽¹⁾	1395
(At current prices)						
Total	3083991	3961638	5202753	5986381	6474035	7378350
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	831855	1174376	1517030	1616552	1690801	1853365
Tobacco	14691	23026	31104	33230	34383	37604
Clothing and footwear	137910	187003	246839	278677	280227	302484
Housing, water and fuel	910590	1159141	1509633	1770112	1928262	2257687
Furnishings, household equipment and	127202	171001	240140	250404	267407	200400
routine household maintenance	137303	171081	240149	259404	267487	290490
Health	203099	271619	380927	436734	500619	558152
Transport	256322	278940	358589	453834	511687	610873
Communication	97580	107916	129491	150715	159499	176968
Recreation and culture	74296	80939	115424	130285	123728	130406
Education	58992	70264	84502	100382	105907	119514
Restaurants & hotels	63890	77684	93758	136135	117202	160093
Social protection	299978	362031	497759	623553	754116	879876
Other miscellaneous goods and services	32	105	57	115	118	838
Less: net exports of goods	-2547	-2487	-2508	-3348	0	0
(At constant 1390 prices)						
Total	3083991	3044013	3070883	3097267	3032313	3241897
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	831855	772376	692394	671818	639848	652630
Tobacco	14691	13008	11235	11648	11692	11454
Clothing and footwear	137910	140622	131241	127929	118414	120715
Housing, water and fuel	910590	1020152	1108509	1102033	1048817	1158411
Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	137303	110028	106772	104073	100900	104975
Health	203099	207803	209955	199173	198473	202783
Transport	256322	228942	220126	225501	231147	262039
Communication	97580	107905	116780	129404	132738	145428
Recreation and culture	74296	50844	51956	50867	43632	43692
Education	58992	65704	69736	71027	64328	64447
Restaurants & hotels	63890	40309	36045	44295	33638	42371
Social protection	299978	288816	318780	363156	408629	432581
Other miscellaneous goods and services	32	75	33	60	57	371
Less : net exports of goods	-2547	-2571	-2680	-3717	0	0

1.Revised figures.

23.18. ACTUAL INDIVIDUAL CONSUMPTION BY CONSUMER INSTITUTIONAL SECTORS (bln rials)

Description	Year					
Description	1390(1)	1391(1)	1392(1)	1393(1)	1394(1)	1395
(At current prices)	·	·				
Total	3494641	4359684	5661751	6506688	7077109	8108796
Household	3083991	3961275	5194513	5966119	6471419	7440356
Non-profit institutions serving households	5290 405360	5771 392638	7045 460192	8341 532229	9759 595930	8958 659483
(At constant 1390 prices)	403300	372030	400172	33222)	373730	037403
Total	3494641	3416530	3445847	3508957	3468570	3740499
Household	3083991	3049234	3064812	3081993	3011111	3247877
Non-profit institutions serving households	5290	4623	4305	4124	3992	3131
Government	405360	362673	376730	422839	453466	489491

1.Revised figures.

23.19. ACTUAL COLLECTIVE CONSUMPTION (ACTUAL GOVERNMENT CONSUMPTION)
BY COFOG (bln rials)

	Year						
Description	1390(1)	1391(1)	1392(1)	1393(1)	1394(1)	1395	
(At current prices)	•	•	'	'	<u> </u>		
Total	933350	977415	1910873	1677044	1279939	1476155	
General public services	261929	288436	679350	611697	326683	370368	
Defence	178034	105426	131738	161649	190900	244167	
Public order and safety	52438	50422	66992	75104	100598	134276	
Economic affairs	214019	203277	652708	384423	227486	223101	
Environmental protection	8052	9581	17908	17265	7408	10946	
Housing and community amenities	5523	6384	11044	10904	5360	8153	
Health	13246	7897	15561	48681	60107	77707	
Recreation, culture and religion	58339	38006	55323	63556	54539	31344	
Education	22038	69358	57462	38530	37854	65845	
Social protection	26352	84150	45997	38834	29329	24388	
Municipalities	93381	114477	176791	226402	239675	285860	
(At constant 1390 prices)							
Total	933350	902823	1564311	1332359	973956	1095654	
General public services	261929	266424	556141	485975	248586	274900	
Defence	178034	97381	107845	128425	145264	181229	
Public order and safety	52438	46574	54842	59668	76549	99664	
Economic affairs	214019	187764	534331	305412	173103	165594	
Environmental protection	8052	8850	14660	13716	5637	8124	
Housing and community amenities	5523	5897	9041	8663	4078	6051	
Health	13246	7294	12739	38675	45738	57677	
Recreation, culture and religion	58339	35105	45289	50494	41501	23264	
Education	22038	64065	47040	30611	28805	48873	
Social protection	26352	77728	37655	30852	22318	18102	
Municipalities	93381	105741	144727	179869	182378	212176	

1. Revised figures.

23.20. BALANCE OF PAYMENT

(million dollars)

D	Year					
Description	1393	1394	1395	1396*		
Current Account	13571	9016	16388	15816		
Goods Accounts	18060	12178	20843	22596		
Exports (fob)	88976	64597	83978	98142		
Oil and gas export (1)	55406	33569	55752	65818		
Non- oil exports	33569	31028	28226	32324		
Imports (fob)	70915	52419	63135	75546		
Gas and oil products ⁽²⁾	2597	2233	1388	2764		
Other goods	68318	50186	61747	72782		
Services account ⁽³⁾	-6877	-4472	-5941	-7916		
Service export	10572	9982	10060	10376		
Service import	17450	14454	16001	18292		
Income account ⁽³⁾	1845	763	928	669		
Receipt	3478	2326	2536	2440		
Compensation of workers	000	000	000	000		
Investment revenues	000	000	000	000		
Payments	1633	1562	1608	1771		
Compensation of workers	000	000	000	000		
Investment revenues	000	000	000	000		
Current transfers account	543	547	558	467		
Receipt	925	948	1000	1013		
Government	000	000	000	000		
Other sectors	000	000	000	000		
Payment	383	401	443	547		
Government	000	000	000	000		
Other Sectors	000	000	000	000		
Capital accounts	000	000	000	000		
Total balance capital account	000	000	000	000		
Financial accounts	000	000	000	000		
Statistical discrepancy and missing data.	-5635	-4270	000	000		

^{1.}Including value of crude oil, oil products, natural gas, gas liquids and condensates (2709, 2710, and 2711 tariffs) exported by the National Iran Oil Company (NIOC), National Iran Gas Company (NIGC), National Iran Oil Products Distributing Company (NIOPDC), petrochemical companies, and others (customs and non customs).

Source: Central Bank of the Islamc Republic of Iran

^{2.} Including value of oil products, natural gas, gas liquids and condensates (2709, 2710 and 2711 tariffs) imported by the National Iran Oil Company (NIOC), National Iran Gas Company (NIGC), National Iran Oil Products Distributing Company (NIOPDC), and others (customs and non-customs).

^{3.} Services account and income accont were disaggregated according to the fifth edition of the Balance of Payments: Manual of IMF.